# CHILD FRIENDLY CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

Recognition Assessment Outcome Report: DERRY CITY AND STRABANE DISTRICT

PART OF UNICEF'S GLOBAL





# INTRODUCTION

# Child Friendly Cities & Communities (CFC) is a UK Committee for UNICEF (UNICEF UK) programme that works with councils to put children's rights into practice.

The programme aims to support councils and their partners to embed a child rights-based approach across local strategy, policy, service delivery and public spaces.

Over three to five years a council, their local partners, and children and young people work together on an ambitious journey towards international recognition as a UNICEF Child Friendly City or Community.

Child Friendly Cities & Communities is part of UNICEF's global Child Friendly Cities Initiative, which reaches over 30 million children in close to 50 countries.

### **Summary**

Over the past seven years, Derry City and Strabane District, led by Derry City and Strabane District Council (DCSDC) and the Western Health and Social Care Trust (WHSCT) and partners, has been taking part in UNICEF UK's Child Friendly Cities & Communities (CFC) programme, developing and implementing strategies for advancing children's rights, and working towards achieving 'Child Friendly' status, as recognised by UNICEF.

Following assessment of progress, UNICEF UK is granting Derry City and Strabane District full recognition.







# **ABOUT RECOGNITION**

# Recognition is the final stage of the Child Friendly Cities & Communities journey.

Recognition signifies that UNICEF publicly *recognises* that a council and its local partners have taken significant and sustainable steps towards advancing the human rights of children and young people growing up in their community. 'Child Friendly' status recognises progress, not perfection.

Cities or communities become eligible for recognition after implementing their CFC action plan for a minimum of 2 years. The action plan sets out how change will be achieved across six thematic 'badges,' or priority areas, which are chosen in collaboration with children and young people.

Councils and their partners are asked to demonstrate, through relevant, good quality evidence, how they have achieved the ambition set out in their CFC action plan, what they have learned, and how they plan to take forward the commitment to realising children's rights across the city or community once 'Child Friendly' status has been achieved.

At the end of their programme journey, cities and communities are asked to:

- Submit documentation setting out their case for recognition.
- Submit detailed evidence against the outcomes and indicators in their CFC action plan.
- Host a live assessment, during which UNICEF UK's independent CFC Recognition Advisory Panel holds exploratory discussions with key representatives from the area, including children and young people.

### There are four possible assessment outcomes:

Recognition: 'Child Friendly' status	The council and its partners have made sustainable progress across all their priority areas and set out a robust plan for building on this progress. Child Friendly status lasts for three years.
Conditional Recognition	The council and its partners are required to complete actions, expand their sustainability ambitions, address gaps or submit missing evidence within an agreed time frame before being officially and publicly recognised.
Suspended Assessment	Evidence is missing or incomplete, but a promising case has been put forward. Assessment will be repeated later.
No Recognition	The quality of evidence poor, the sustainability plan is unconvincing, local commitment is unconvincing.

## **Recognition Assessment Framework**

Assessment of evidence, progress and impact is carried out by UNICEF UK and scrutinised by the independent CFC Recognition Advisory Panel. The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC) is the foundation of the CFC assessment framework. It is realised through the seven principles of a **child rights-based approach**:

- Dignity
- Transparency and Accountability
- the Best Interest of the Child
- Non-Discrimination
- Participation
- Life, Survival and Development
- Interdependence and Indivisibility.

These principles are reinforced by the global Child Friendly Cities Initiative (CFCI) minimum criteria: measurable results for children, including quality, relevant, and significant data; meaningful and inclusive child participation; and a demonstrated dedication to eliminating discrimination.

Finally, the specific outcomes and indicators set out in the Derry City and Strabane District partnership's CFC action plan against locally chosen 'badges' are at the centre of the framework against which progress is assessed.

The image below shows the Recognition
Assessment Framework; the seven principles
of a child rights-based approach are around the
outer ring, the global CFCI minimum criteria in
blue, and the icons representing the partnership's
badge choices (Cooperation and Leadership,
Communication, Culture, Healthy, Education and
Learning, and Equal and Included) are at the centre.



CFC Recognition Assessment Framework

# ABOUT THE PARTNERSHIP

Derry City and Strabane District joined the programme in 2018. The application and accountable body is the Western Area Outcomes Group (WAOG). Derry City and Strabane District Council (DCSDC) and the Western Health and Social Care Trust (WHSCT) have acted as lead partners on behalf of the wider partnership since the application. Education Authority (EA) Youth Service became a lead partner in 2021. Youth Justice Agency (YJA) became a lead partner in 2023. The partnership's CFC action plan badge areas, as chosen by young people, are: Cooperation and Leadership, Communication, Culture, Equal and Included, Education and Learning, and Healthy.

In April 2025, the partnership submitted a story of change, a consultation capturing children and young people's views on its progress, a draft sustainability plan and 117 pieces of evidence, including survey data, case studies, service performance data and more. A youth summary of the CFC programme was also submitted, capturing the views of 10 youth groups on the progress made under the CFC programme. Documents and evidence were verified and assessed by the CFC team at UNICEF UK using the assessment framework.

On Thursday 19 June 2025, over 70 representatives from Derry City and Strabane District attended an assessment day at Waterside Youth Centre and Acorn Farm. There was a series of roundtables facilitated by the Recognition Advisory Panel, including a workshop session for children and young people. UNICEF UK would like to thank everyone who was involved in this process, especially the children and young people.

# Progress across all six priority areas

The evidence demonstrates good progress across all six priority areas, including:

- Clear evidence of the improvements over time as perceived by children and young people, including in areas of having a say in decisions, access to child-friendly information, and feeling valued in public spaces;
- Significant development of child rights awareness with over 500 staff trained, and child rights training now required in key roles across the city and district;

- Developing a systemic culture of child rights by establishing effective strategic planning and review mechanisms across the partnership, including the Children's Rights and Participation Board, and linking to other core and strategic work, like Local Growth Development plans;
- Establishing a strong and committed partnership of four key organisations, embedded as a genuine collaboration with shared leadership working towards upholding child rights;
- Showing strong commitment to child rights through a whole system approach to governance, navigating a complex landscape of local and regional partners;
- Valuing and supporting the voice and input of children and young people through significant scale initiatives such as Your Say Child Rights (2023) and the Mayor's Initiative (2024/5);
- Developing a consistent way of engaging with children and young people, with a **youth voice structure in place** with the North West Ministry of Youth;
- A commitment to the embedding of child rights through policy and procedure in areas such as complaints, informed consent, job descriptions;
- Development of a wider child rights culture in the area through third party arrangements, such as grant funding agreements and management contracts for commissioned services;
- A significant level of rights-based culture change through organisational development, particularly strong in the Youth Justice Agency;
- The innovative development of communications methods and resources with children and young people such as through the Dual Language Defenders work and the Youth Justice Agency review of guidance;
- Valuing the concerns of children and young people, responding to concerns about emotional and mental health through Emotional Wellbeing Teams in Schools making emotional health support more accessible and child friendly; CAMHS / YJA service to support mental health of young people in the justice system and a childfriendly version of the Mental Health Strategy;
- Developing other noteworthy and innovative approaches to delivering child rights principles, such as the **Period Positivity campaign work** upholding the dignity and empowerment of girls and young women.

### Recommendations

The assessment identified some recommendations for consideration by the partnership in the next phase of its child rights development:

 Community influence and engagement: Greater consideration should be given to how the wider community will be included and influenced through the delivery of

included and influenced through the delivery of the CFC Sustainability Plan. The approach could be expanded to include schools, housing, the business sector, the community and voluntary sector, and more;

- Inclusion: The partnership should continue to develop ways to reach young people that are seldom heard, including through greater engagement with the voluntary and community sector;
- Impact: The partnership would benefit from consistent evidence gathering around the impact of young people's participation, and developing more feedback mechanisms to young people on the impact of their participation;
- CRIA: When developing and extending the use of child rights impact assessments (CRIAs), the partnership should consider how this process will be underpinned by engagement with children and young people;
- Participation: Continue to focus on how the partnership's strong work in this area can be further developed to include more leadership opportunities for children and young people;
- Public space: Greater attention should be paid to thinking about the experiences of children and young people in public and commercial spaces, and we recommend engagement with stakeholders, such as the business community, to ensure that commercial spaces are welcoming and non-discriminatory spaces for children and young people;
- Engagement legacy: Derry City and Strabane
   District Council's political leaders should consider
   how best to build on the significant legacy from
   the Mayor's initiative which ran from 2024-5;
- Regional advocacy: Having received Child Friendly status, the partnership should explore how it can use this to advocate for children's rights and a child rights-based approach on a regional basis.

### **Assessment outcome**

On balance, Derry City and Strabane District has established an impressive child rights infrastructure, with examples of excellent, embedded practice and strong involvement of children and young people.

The Sustainability Plan shows a focus on workforce development, participation mapping, Child Rights Impact Assessments (CRIAs), child-friendly communication, and the Lundy Model of Participation.

Based on these commitments and progress achieved to date, Derry City and Strabane District is awarded UNICEF Child Friendly status.

### Badge by badge review

Each of Derry City and Strabane District's badges, or priority areas, are set out over the following pages. A table summarises a selection of the specific activities and strategies that the partnership adopted, the outcomes they worked towards, and the indicators they selected to measure progress and impact.

Each table is accompanied by commentary on the assessed progress, including recommendations for further development.

Please note, in the tables we have sometimes used the following abbreviations due to space constraints:

CYP - Children and young people

CR - child rights

CRBA - child rights-based approach.

# **COMMUNICATION**

# **Progress**

Overall there has been good progress in Communication, and it is clear that all four partners are learning from each other in relation to communications. Widespread adoption of the Lundy Model by all four agencies is providing a common language across diverse professions and contexts and being used well to support meaningful communication across the partnership about the quality of participation and youth voice.

The Child Friendly Annual Report is very clear in reporting what has taken place and there are some great developments and steps forward reflected. Some of the language used may need review by children and young people to ensure it is child friendly. This may be something to think of for future reports, but in providing information on the achievements of the programme it's a well-produced document and a good starting point for future development.

There was an impressive strategic approach by the YJA who have comprehensively reviewed communications over a three-year period. They have reviewed all guidance leaflets with young people and families to ensure they are child friendly, trauma informed and accessible. They have then identified short, animated videos as being a more accessible format and these have been piloted and are now being taken forward. YJA have also for the past three years reported on Participation in their annual Performance Impact report.

The EA have also provided evidence that youth project monitoring now includes assessment of communication with children and young people of child rights information; whether there is an appropriate and effective participative structure for children and young people in place; and if a child rights-based approach (CRBA) is also being applied. It is positive to see this embedded into a corporate standards management process.

There have been some thoughtful rights-based approaches to the development of communications, including:

 the WHSCT Autism Cafes, brought together service providers, parents/carers and children in a variety of locations to access support services and further information. This has received positive

- feedback and is evidence of a rights-based approach to taking action rather than accepting that young people waiting for autism diagnosis and/or support are on long waiting lists.
- EA have now adopted creating podcasts with young people as an approach to developing the voices of children and young people. A project supported young men who had been in tension with local residents to explore relevant issues and create a podcast and is underpinned by some strong rights-based approaches to the work.
- VOYPIC (Voice of Young People in Care) young people with care experience co-designed 12 meeting standards which are now embedded in the care system.
- In 2023, through 'Your Say Child Rights' 28
  organisations came together to deliver child rights
  workshops and to hear from 170 children and
  young people aged 10 18 years old.

# **COMMUNICATION**

Impact Indicators	Children and young people (including those with additional needs) are aware of:									
aicators	- Child rights - UNCRC									
	Children and young people are creating media content									
	Children and young see positive stories about people their age in the local media and communities.									
	Annual Child Friendly Progress update complete and available on web pages									
	There is an ongoing mechanism to collect local data on child rights awareness (EA Unit Moderation Form)									
	Child righ	nts brand with cr	oss organ	isation	nal support					
	The Lund	ly Model of parti	cipation is	being	used by Lead age	encies to	shape and	evaluate participa	ation	
	Children	and young peop	le see pos	itives	tories about peop	le their ag	ge in the lo	cal media and cor	nmunities	
Outcomes	There is better awareness of child rights and the importance of children, young people and adults working together to make improvements  All children and young people, including those with additional needs can access child friendly information and support to make their lives easier, healthier, safer and happier							out their off involved with		
Select	Child Frie	endly progress u	pdates pro	ovided	annually.					
strategies					Audience, Voice, ppropriate toolkits			ferred visual tool	to promote	
	Youth Ju therapist		A) has co-	-desig	ned Child Friendly	/ info/ lea	flets with C	CYP & speech and	language	
	Dedicate	d CFC web pages	s to promo	ote to	CYP and the wide	r commu	nity.			
		nts / UNCRC rela e – ISL, BSL & M		ness i	s being developed	lin altern	ative form	ats (Irish/ Ulster S	cots/Sign	
	CYP with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) are supported at all youth centres through safe, welcoming, and inclusive spaces with bespoke programmes.									
	Mapping	of Autism service	ces (statut	ory an	d CVS), autism ca	fes pilote	d and ther	n sustaine d.		
CRBA	Dignity	Participation	Best Inte	rest	Life, Survival, Development	-	endence visibility	Non- Discrimination	Transparency and Accountability	
CFCI Minimum Criteria	Equity and non-discrimination				Data			Participation		

# **COOPERATION AND LEADERSHIP**

# **Progress**

There has been very substantial progress made in this badge. Overall, there is an established commitment to cooperation and leadership in child rights, with evidence of embedded mechanisms now operating routinely to support strategic partnership working. The culture shift is clear and each of the four organisations are holding each other to account through the partnership. There has been strong participation and engagement of young people, however translating this into genuine youth leadership is lagging a bit further behind. It was acknowledged that there is still work to be done for the wider community to develop awareness of child rights, and it is positive that this was recognised.

Particularly well developed is the level of cooperation between the four key partners, supported by a 'whole system approach' to governance which navigates complex arrangements. There has been a clear evolution in the governance structure and mechanisms for the programme. This has involved the formal CFC partnership growing from DCSDC and WHSCT to include EA and YJA. This is a significant governance structure and set of mechanisms which represents an ongoing commitment to strategic development of child rights, has evolved through learning and experience, and is now operating routinely. The Child Rights and Participation Board brings partners together to maintain a focus on child rights.

There is evidence that by operating as a coherent partnership, learning is being shared and there is curiosity between the partners to approaches taken. Passion was in evidence on the assessment day, with a clear common purpose amongst everyone involved.

The evidence of YJA rights-based culture change is particularly comprehensive, clearly evidencing a pathway from senior decision making to the lives and futures of children and young people. The culture change reflects a strong ethos of rights in action, is clearly embedded in policy and practice, and represents a sea change in how young people encounter youth justice services.

Civic leadership is also in evidence through the Mayor's initiative which demonstrates the impact of collaborative working, with the partner agencies

pooling resources towards a common purpose. This initiative gave a place to the voice of 700 CYP at the heart of the civic realm, being not only a practical exercise, but also symbolic of change. Efforts were made by all four agencies to ensure that less heard children and young people were involved. While this initiative has been established under the current Mayor's term which will shortly come to an end, there is a significant legacy in this approach for political leaders to consider building on.

The structure of youth voice through North West Ministry of Youth (NWMoY) is in place and a pathway established, including discussion with political leaders in April 25. There has been youth voice at different points in the programme, including:

- Youth Participatory Budgeting in 2020
- a Small Grants Panel including CYP in decision making in 2023
- the Your Say, Your Rights event in 2023
- NWMOY research visit to Cardiff in 2023 funded through PEACE IV
- Mayor's Initiative in 2024.

# **COOPERATION AND LEADERSHIP**

Outcomes Select strategies	- Senior Leaders - Politicians  Leadership staff have an awareness of child rights and the UNCRC.  Young people feel they can influence change/decision making  NW Ministry of Youth are linking in with politicians a minimum of once per quarter.  Young people are supported to influence local and regional services.  All children and young people have the chance to have their voice heard. Adult decision makers value youth voices and have the skills to work together to make improvements  A significant proportion of key audiences at the decision-making level are trained in Intro to Child Rights in Practice.  Opportunities for CYP to speak with leaders e.g. Meet Cllrs/ Mayor/ Local Democracy Week/ Your Say Child rights		CRIA pilot is coming is shown is shown and process/ timesea CF Staff and leaders in with children and use tools to char (e.g. Child Fassess)  CRIA pilo  Organisational conduct of CRIA and embedded within	There is an ongoing mechanism for prioritising participation and child rights.  CR are included in service plans.  Organisations are pooling financial/ non-financial resources on issues relating to CYP/ child rights.  More people, organisations and businesses work together to improve the rights of CYP  Governance structures include voices of CYP and are used to consistently prioritise child rights.  Child rights are included in Service Plans.					
CRBA	Ongoing  All youth	process/structure shape: - EA Small ( - EA Local Voic clubs have a part	Grants e budget cicipative structure in ut the youth club/local	rights - cou Online CRIA mode	hampioning child neil motions ule is accessible on g platform Life, Survival, Development	Multi-ag to over: and chi	version version version of the implementation of the implementatio	on of the CYP Strat e is established an entation of child rig	d effectively resourced hts across the district, vides opportunities to
CFCI Minimum Criteria	Ec	quity and non-dis	scrimination		Data			Participatio	n

# **CULTURE**

# **Progress**

There is clear evidence of progress in a child rights-based approach (CRBA) being embedded into the culture of the partnership organisations. This can be seen in policies, procedures, job descriptions, funding and management arrangements and training programmes. The work under this badge has allowed Derry City and Strabane District to build their policies and practice to a position where beyond Recognition a CRBA will be part and parcel of working in the council area.

An example through WHSCT of children and young people's involvement in developing a child rights culture is where children and young people contributed to the development of the contract for short stay breaks. The contract had been retendered in response to children and young people talking about their negative experiences. A separate contract clause on child rights was included in the contract. In response to consulting with children and young people on their experience of the service, videos of what happens during the short breaks have been developed to support children and young people who are uncertain about attending.

A total of 572 professionals have undertaken CFC child rights training from Mar 2018- Mar 2025 (with a pause during the pandemic).

Derry City and Strabane District has made steps in strategically embedding the use of a CRBA, which means that policy mandates consideration of child rights in practice, and funding agreements require the implementation of a CRBA.

Finalised Local Growth Plans (LGPs)show how child rights are being committed to through training, implementing a CRBA and through considering children and young people who are most at risk of marginalisation. The LGPs were completed in 2023 and will continue to be actioned until 2028.

Informed consent procedures are in evidence across all four partners, an example from DCSDC shows how the informed consent process is being used systematically, and how children's rights have been used to shape the process.

Child-friendly complaints procedures have been developed and implemented by EA and YJA, with YJA able to articulate how procedure has been adapted in relation to complaints that were raised through the complaints process.

YJA have made child rights training mandatory for all staff, and DCSDC have a newly available staff training module on child rights. For both agencies, measures have been put in place so that there is sustainability around training the workforce (it is also an outcome within the Sustainability Plan).

Funding/management agreements embedding child rights has been introduced by DCSDC in the form of final Service Level Agreement (SLA) Template for the Consensual Grant-Making Model 2024 – 2025 and an SLA Action Plan.

A CRBA has been embedded into the PEACEPLUS programme, with sustainability being built into different processes, such as tendering. Processes were built in for children and young people to contribute to qualitative evaluation. Awareness of child rights was introduced as part of the grant application process for applicants, with time set aside to introduce applicants to child rights in practice.

The evaluation for the Good Relations consultation shows that, for the most part, the Lundy Model is being effectively implemented although there are some areas that have been flagged by young people. One of the notable gaps was around feedback loops and keeping children and young people informed. After using the evaluation at a larger scale event, it became clear that the current format of the evaluation was not suitable. Children and young people were invited to co-design an amended version of the evaluation and, when used, this was completed by 105 children.

# **CULTURE**

Impact Indicators	Nι	mber of key audi - Elected Me - Lead Organi	mbers							
	Staff at fi Satisfaction There are	udiences are conf rights-based ap rease in CYP repo communication unded organisation rights and the on levels of CYP in staff. e ongoing organis keep child rights	fident in using a child pproach.  Inting improved with staff ons understand child UNCRC. In communication with sational processes to a priority.	CYP feel they have the space to share their voice with the correct audience to have influence.  Child-friendly maps provide an ongoing child-friendly way to feed youth voice into Local Growt Partnership structures  Council staff are aware of and using the informed consent process  Staff at funded organisations understand child rights and the UNCRC.						
Outcomes	in their co		enjoy meeting people nderstand how to use ove their work.	judged or labelle	g people don't feel d; their rights are oy everyone	Children		ole always feel web people of all ages	come and respected by	
Select strategies				Your Say Child Ri				very 2 years to ena respectfor differen	ble senior leaders and ce.	
			udiences, put in place plans and training me	CYP have a voice mechanism within Local Growth Partnerships, child rights are embedded within Local Growth Plans and child rights are included in Council's Consensual Grant making model with Local Growth Partnerships						
	Child ri	ights starting to b descriptio	e embedded in job ons	Funding/ management agreements have been issued to projects/ services and CR awareness raising in progress						
	issued			Informed consent process rolled out at Council, identifying key services for a staged roll out and training for staff on informed consent						
				Rural Youth Aud	it to include feedba	ck from (	CYP, and EA fund	ding youth services	s in some rural areas.	
CRBA	Dignity	Participation	Best Interest		Life, Survival, Development	Interdep Indivisit	endence and pility	Non- Discrimination	Transparency and Accountability	
CFCI Minimum Criteria	Ec	quity and non-dis	scrimination		Data			Participatio	n	

# **HEALTHY**

# **Progress**

There is evidence of progress in this badge in responding to concerns raised by children and young people, and in establishing baseline information and services to support emotional and mental health. There was a strong link back to the work that children and young people had identified at Discovery, and youth leadership was in evidence across the badge.

At Discovery stage, feedback from children and young people was that it was difficult to access support or even to know what was available. Key responses have been to develop CAMHS communications with young people, a Youth Wellness Web (a mental health hub created by young people) and to establish the Emotional Wellbeing Team in Schools (EWTS). The development of CAMHS communications has particularly focussed on children and young people who may not meet the threshold for referral or have a delayed referral but can benefit from signposting to other services. As CAMHS is a regional service, the team have worked to the best interests principle in shaping local responses to meet needs.

There is evidence of continuing and sustainable progress in addressing concerns from young people that were raised in Discovery phase about support for emotional and mental health. The EWTS service had clearly been empowered through the CFC programme and a rights-based approach. A robust baseline has been established to understand emotional wellbeing for children and young people through CAMHS / EWTS survey. The survey in its second year had over 6000 responses, a c50% increase from the first year. A further survey was conducted in late 2024 with over 1000 school staff, providing baseline understanding of confidence levels in supporting children and young people in emotional health, awareness of signposting services, and seeking views on how schools could improve on emotional health and wellbeing support.

A YJA / CAMHS partnership service is recently up and running and has been making some referrals. This service means that where young people in justice processes may be indicating signs of mental health concerns, they can now be assessed and supported by an embedded mental health worker. The referral pathway reflects a rights-based

approach in the stages where consent from the YP is embedded in the pathway.

Evidence at sustainable progress of information and awareness for children and young people to support their health include:

FYI publication – used to communicate with the wider community and voluntary sector on children and young people's issues and services, meaning that there is wider awareness.

Period Positivity campaign work, including multiple resources and workshops within schools and youth clubs demonstrated a youth-led workstream focussed on upholding the dignity and empowerment of girls and young women across the community.

FLARE and REACH programmes supporting emotional and mental wellbeing - the work carried out by the FLARE worker covered a varied programme of activity to support emotional health and resilience, including residential, workshops, planning staff training and stress management sessions for students.

In relation to the overall recommendation to think of working more with schools in the next phase, it was noted that schools are in a really useful position and Health could be the lever to introduce a wider rights-based approach.

# **HEALTHY**

	Voice	Network are train	ned in child rights.	Permanent n	ractitioners located			_	tiatives to support	
		l Health and Welli	being in School Youth							
	Emotional	Health and Wellb Youth W	eing is linked to all EA ork							
			gy is promoted by being in Schools Team	Updated CAMHS letter for medical professionals / GPs signposting to wellbeing support options for children and young people						
			n youth sessions e.g. ellbeing Programme	Designated coordinator for CAMHS referrals who assesses need and provides appropriate / Child Friendly support and signposting to other services						
			CYP include access to	CAMHS service user feedback is understood by staff and helping to tailor the service						
strategies				Ongoing pro	ocess for CYP feedl	oack/voic	e to be used to	evaluate the stand	ard of the service	
Select										
Outcomes			have access to quality, when they need it	aware of the imp drugs on health ar appropriate serv	oung people are act of alcohol and nd can access age- ices to develop a wareness		and have a safe		to protect their mental child friendly support or anxious	
	, span	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								
	responsi	ibility for progress	r NI will be tasked with sing the Still Waiting veloped with CYP).		Yo	uth Justic	e CAMHS refer	ral path		
		ve an ongoing me vs forward on wel	chanism to put their Ilbeing in school				nd young people c Connections F			
		wellbeing/ acces					ofservice users			
			h FLARE & REACH			- 801	mewhere to go neone to talk to			
	No. of	hits/ downloads to Newsletter (prof	o Locality Planning fessionals)	There is an understanding of a Trauma Informed Approach and how this aligns with upholo rights in literature/communications.  When CYP feel sad, worried, or anxious, they have						
		- Awareness of - Awareness								
lmpact Indicators		Youth Wellne - No. of I								

# **EQUAL AND INCLUDED**

# **Progress**

Overall, there is enough evidence under this badge to show a good level of progress against the outcomes. At the assessment day, we heard genuine cross-fertilisation of thinking and approach across the four agencies. There is progress in this badge that showcases sustainable progress and the adoption of a CRBA at a strategic level.

Evidence relating to the Good Relations programme shows how child rights have been embedded into consensual grant making projects (linked to the Good Relations work) through the tender process. The interconnectedness between the CFC programme and other core and strategic work across the council, like the Local Growth Development plans, is apparent in this evidence.

The Dual Language Child Rights Defenders Programme was piloted with two Irish Medium primary schools in the Derry and Strabane district by DCSDC. The information shows positive feedback from CYP about participation in Dual Language Child Rights Defenders Programme, how children and young people feel the programme is helping tackle discrimination positively, and that children and young people feel important, respected, and valued through this work. Following the pilot, there has been work on an animation making child rights information is available in Irish/ Ulster Scots, the plan is it will be used regularly to widen engagement with specific groups of children and young people. The accessibility of this information has been considered with the animation being made available in Irish, Ulster Scots, BSL and ISL. There were encouraging changes in young people's attitude towards speaking their first language, where they had previously seen it as subversive but now regarded it as normalised after engaging them in their rights.

The evidence shows that there is an appropriate partnership in place to regularly review Play Plan progress. Through the Play Plan, there has been an increase in the number of accessible parks, and improvements in the geographical spread of parks across the district.

YJA are using play, sport and leisure as a tool to support children and young people and how this approach upholds child rights. The example provides insight into why this work is important for this cohort of young people. This approach supports the dignity of children and young people, recognising that everyone should be able to reach their full potential no matter what their situation is, and shows understanding of the role of duty bearers in supporting their development.

A CRBA has provided the focus to welcoming young people who are newcomers, and based on feedback it seems to be supporting young people to feel safe and connected, with the Young Person's Forum important to understanding needs.

EA and YJA have developed their complaints procedures. Through engagement with EA, children and young people were able to feedback on the current communication around the complaint policy and then work on communications that they felt was more child friendly. As part of the engagement, the children and young people created a child friendly poster for their peers to better understand the comments and complaints procedure at the EA. The same was also done for the anti-bullying policy.

Following a revised complaints process being in place for YJA, they submitted an example of where a complaint by a young person was actioned and led to organisation-wide change. This illustrates that decision makers take the complaints of young people seriously and they are able to affect change through this process.

# **EQUAL AND INCLUDED**

Outcomes	Policies, services, and programmes are free from discrimination. All children and young people feel important, respected, and valued			access to play an With a special focu	roung people have nd leisure spaces. us on location, age, ability	There is a process for complaints. The complain				
Select strategies	CYP views are used to help shape the Good Relations Strategy/ Action Plan and child rights are embedded in the delivery of Good Relations programmes for CYP Dual Language Child Rights Defenders Programme is rolled out across all Irish Medium schools in the district Signs of Safety is used as a practice framework to uphold child rights / children's voice in practice			design of new play parks identified in the play plan. Site selection and design development underway for the skate park (Strabane)		EA You	complaint th Service will r friendly compl	s awareness/ med eview each youth aints procedures a	centre to ensure child	
CRBA	Dignity	Particip ation	Best Interest		Life, Survival, Development	Interdep Indivisit	endence and pility	Non- Discrimination	Transparency and Accountability	
CFCI Minimum Criteria	Equ	ity and non-disc	rimination		Data			Particip ation		

# **EDUCATION AND LEARNING**

# **Progress**

There has been a strong youth work focus under this badge. Education and learning is approached as a whole experience for children and young people through youth work and alternative provision, while acknowledging schools as an area where further work is needed. Importance has been placed on Trauma Informed practice, understanding of ACEs and right based training to building up skills.

The action plan has been aligned with a CRBA, and has been developed with young people and stakeholders. Work delivered under this badge has included a rights-based approach being adopted in:

- outdoor learning
- engagement with school refusers
- embedding of CRED (Community Relations, Equity and Diversity) in youth work practice
- through the CONNECT programme embedding youth workers in hospitals to reduce violence among 15-25 year olds.

There are some examples of children and young people's engagement in shaping their experience of the EA – some is at a policy level, and some is showcasing practice on the ground.

EA's Action Plan outlines specific actions and outputs, including health and wellbeing programmes, personal development initiatives, anti-bullying workshops, and leadership training. This shows that 'Raising standards for all' and 'Closing the gap' are maintained as Youth Work Priorities, and the linking of all outcomes to principles of a CRBA highlights how child rights are being used to lead this work locally. The EA note that the action plan was developed through consultations with young people, stakeholders, and local advisory groups.

Engagement with children and young people to update how the EA Complaints & Anti-bullying policies are communicated to children and young people was also submitted under the Equal & Included badge. The evidence show that engagement occurred with children and young people to allow them to feedback on and update the current policy and make it more child friendly.

The Lenamore Youth Centre Annual Report for 2023-4 includes feedback from children and young

people, their parents and staff but also highlights ways of working at the centre. The report highlights key programmes that have been delivered over the year to address the needs of young people. It also includes feedback from young people, staff, and parents, showcasing the positive impact of the centre's work with a child's rights-based approach adopted throughout.

A YJA study shows the work that was commissioned by the Safeguarding Board for Northern Ireland and conducted by Queen's University Belfast, and the research highlights the importance of understanding and addressing trauma within youth justice settings and the work of YJA. The key findings show how the use of trauma informed approaches has improved the outcomes for children and young people (and for staff working with these groups as well), therefore highlighting the importance of this approach. Changes in the system that have strengthened a CRBA have also come about through the taking of this approach.

# **EDUCATION AND LEARNING**

Impact Indicators	Increase in number of CYP progressing against EA Youth Work outcomes  CYP are actively participating (2024/25 year only)  CYP views are used to shape the business case for SMART Digital City Deal project  CYP have an awareness of environmental and climate issues  Enhanced personal capabilities  Staff are more confident of how to use a Trauma Informed Approach in addressing incidents of bullying  EA policy and procedure will be updated in line with a Trauma Informed lens									
Outcomes	All children and young people receive education for the whole child. Preparing them for life, looking at issues of their time, giving time to play and offering activities in and outside of school  CYP shape decisions made within their learning spaces to ensure their wellbeing  CYP feel accepted, free to be themselves and express themselve and express themselve in learning spaces which promote health and wellbeing								press themselves which promote	
Select strategies	Young people will be included in consultation for the development of the SMART Digital Business Case  Environment and Climate will be an area of Enquiry of EA Youth Service  'Raising standards for all' and 'Closing the gap' are maintained as Youth Work Priorities  EA Youth Service will review the antibullying policy to reflect a Trauma Informed Approach (supporting both parties) and anti- bullying work is embedded in EA Youth Work practice  Youth Work settings provide opportunities for CYP to explore and manage their health and wellbeing  Community Relations Equity and Diversity(CRED) embedded in all Youth Work practice									
CRBA	Dignity	Participation	Best Inter	est	Life, Survival, Development		endence visibility	Non- Discrimination	Transparency and Accountability	
CFCI Minimum Criteria	Equity a	nd non-discrim	ination		Data			Participation		

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