

Integrated Impact Assessment

Equality Screening and Rural Needs, Climate & Privacy Impact Assessment

Citizen Recognition Policy

Please remember to send this document to equality@derrystrabane.com once completed

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Part One: Policy Scoping

 Please provide a short title which describes the activity being undertaken by the Public Authority that is subject to Equality Screening under Section 75 Act and Rural Needs Impact Assessment under Section 1(1) of the Rural Needs Act (NI) 2016. 			
Civic Recognition	n Policy		
2. Please tick as ap	propriate		
New Policy		Revised Policy	
Corporate Policy	\boxtimes	Departmental Policy	
If Departmental, p	lease specify wh	nich department	

2b. Please indicate which cate	gory the activity	specified in Questic	on 1 above relates
to.			
	Policy	Strategy	Plan
		_	
Developing a			
Adopting a			
Implementing a	\boxtimes		
Revising a			
Designing a Public Service			
Delivering a Public Service			

3a.	Please describe the aims of the policy	
	It aims to ensure a clear, process is in place for acknowledging the contribution of citizens which is responsive to anticipated community expectations and consistent with the values of stakeholders and the Council and ensures proper consideration.	
3b.	Are there any associated objectives of the policy? If so, what are they?	
	It specifically focuses on the award of the Freedom of the City and District, the naming of Council assets and the installation of infrastructural elements in or on Council property/ Council-owned assets and festivals / other recognition initiatives	
	Are there any Section75 groups which might be expected to benefit from intended policy? If so, explain how	the
	Citizens from any/all of the S75 are expected to benefit.	
_	Miles College of the	
	Who initiated or wrote the policy?	
	Asset Naming Working Group facilitated by Lead Democratic Services & Improvement Officer	

6.	. Who is responsible for the implementation of the policy?						
	The Chief Executive has overall responsibility for the implementation of this policy.						
7.	7. Are there any factors which could contribute to/detract from the intended aim/outcome of the policy/decision?						
If	yes, are they						
		Financial					
		Legislative					
		Other, please specify					
		ome is subject to Members' consideration and potentially views of consultation is conducted.					
•							
		the internal/external stakeholders (actual or potential) that the ll impact upon?					
		Staff					
		Service Users					
		Other public sector organisations					
		Voluntary/Community/Trade Unions					
		Other. Please specify					
		Citizens					

9.	Is this	policy ass	sociated w	ith any othe	er Council	Policy(s)?	?		
	Yes	\boxtimes		No I					
,	If yes,	please st	ate the rel	ated policy	(s) below.				1
	Yes . This	s policy re	eplaces th	e pilot Asse	t Naming	Policy			
	. How doe jectives?	s the pol	icy contrib	oute towards	s the achie	evement (of the Cou	ıncil's strat	egic
	value to t significan Council a	he comm it positive irea, pron	unity of fo contributi	trict Counci rmally reco on to impro I enhancing ield.	gnising cit ving the q	izens whous who	o have ma	ade a ole in the	

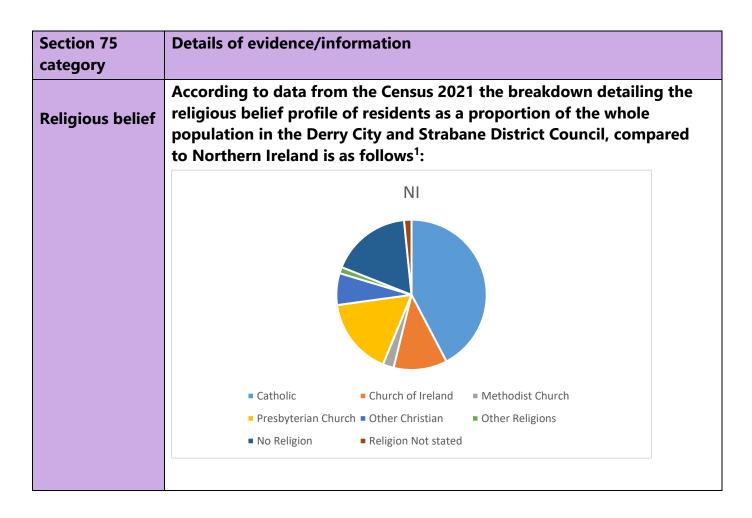
11.	How does the Council interface with other bodies in relation to the implementation of this policy?	
	n/a	

Part Two: Equality Screening

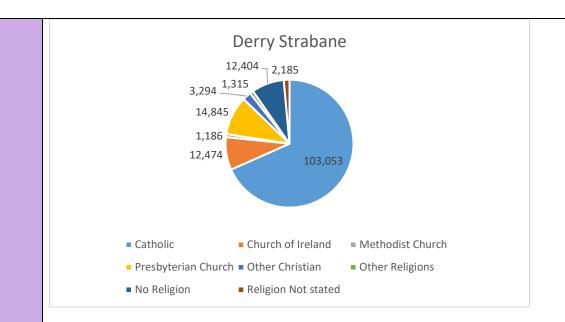
2.1 Available evidence

Evidence to help inform the screening process may take many forms. Public authorities should ensure that their screening decision is informed by relevant data.

What evidence/information (both qualitative and quantitative) have you gathered to inform this policy? Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories. **Please add policy relevant information.**



¹ https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/census-2021-main-statistics-religion-tables

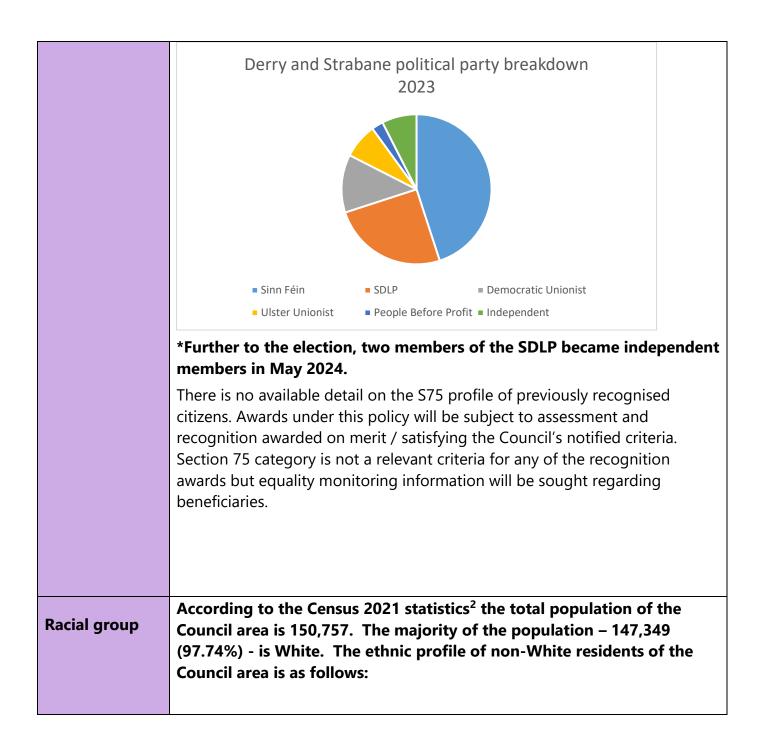


There is no available detail on the S75 profile of previously recognised citizens. Awards under this policy will be subject to assessment and award on merit / satisfying the Council's notified criteria. Section 75 category is not relevant to any of the recognition awards but equality monitoring information will be sought regarding beneficiaries.

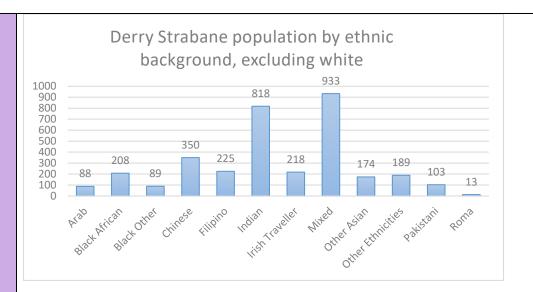
Political opinion

Following the 2023 elections, the political makeup of the Council's elected members was as follows:

Sinn Féin	18
SDLP	10*
DUP	5
UUP	3
IND	3
PBP	1



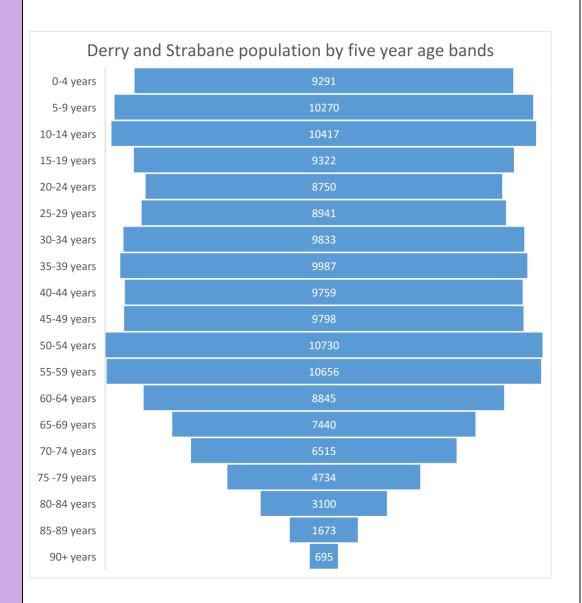
² https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/census-2021-bulk-download



There is no available detail on the S75 profile of previously recognised citizens. Awards under this policy will be subject to assessment and recognition awarded on merit / satisfying the Council's notified criteria. Section 75 category is not a relevant criteria for any of the recognition awards but equality monitoring information will be sought regarding beneficiaries.

Anecdotal evidence would indicate that the majority of citizens recognised have been white.

According to Census 2021 data the age profile of the Derry and Strabane LGD area ³ is as follows:



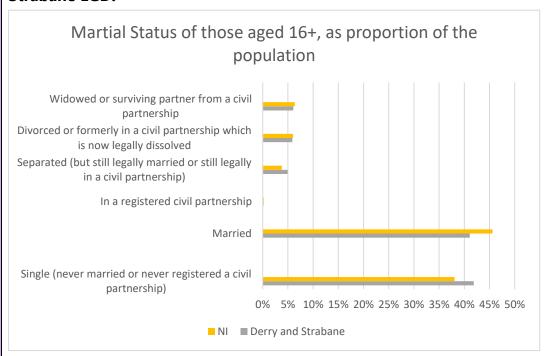
In the Multiple Deprivation Measure Report 2017 it shows that almost 16% of the population in the Council area have an equivalised income of 60% below than the NI median – of these households there are 21% in which there are children aged 15 and under living and 5.4% households where there are people aged 65 years and older living.

³ Ibid

There is no available detail on the S75 profile of previously recognised citizens. Awards under this policy will be subject to assessment and recognition awarded on merit / satisfying the Council's notified criteria. Section 75 category is not a relevant criteria for any of the recognition awards but equality monitoring information will be sought regarding beneficiaries.

Marital status

The table below illustrates the marital status profile of the Derry and Strabane LGD:



There is no available detail on the S75 profile of previously recognised citizens. Awards under this policy will be subject to assessment and recognition awarded on merit / satisfying the Council's notified criteria. Section 75 category is not a relevant criteria for any of the recognition awards but equality monitoring information will be sought regarding beneficiaries.

Sexual orientation

Analysis of the Census 2021 indicates that, of those aged 16 years and over 2.1% identified as lesbian, gay, bisexual or other. A further 7.6% did not state their sexual orientation. 90.3% said they were straight or heterosexual.⁴

The Rainbow Project have provided a number of qualitative contextual reasons why they believe studies, especially the census, aren't fully reflective of actual figures. These include:

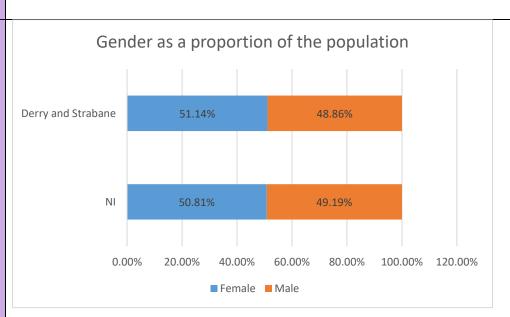
- 1. Bisexual people, who are believed to be the largest part of the LGBTQIA+ community, are more likely to report as heterosexual, particularly those in opposite sex relationships, due to societal bierasure and biphobia.
- 2. Bisexual people are also more likely to end up in an opposite sex relationship in general due to societal homophobia, making their chances of the above even higher.
- 3. In more rural locations, and over the past 10+ years in particular with housing issues, more and more young adults are living with family for longer or moving back in. They may not be out to family, or may be out but just not accepted, therefore filling out the same form together forces them to closet themselves and record as heterosexual.
- 4. Covid-19 had a major impact on the LGBTQIA+ community, safety and isolation issues became much more significantly higher, and with many people being forced to move back in with family people who may have been out among their independent life, just not with family, where forced back into the closet.
- 5. Older adults who are LGBTQIA+ are much less likely to correctly report on forms as past societal expectations forced many to marry into a heterosexual relationship.
- 6. Safety is a big factor, people are terrified how data is used and LGBTQIA+ people are more likely to lie on forms for self-preservation, older adults in particular.
- 7. Housing concerns become a big factor in this. Although it is illegal for a landlord to evict a tenant on the grounds of them being LGB,

⁴ https://www.nisra.gov.uk/system/files/statistics/census-2021-main-statistics-for-northern-ireland-phase-3-statistical-bulletin-sexual-orientation.pdf (accessed 11/07/23)

- even those out, may "act straight" around landlords, employers and other officials including census and other demographics forms.
- 8. Fear of hate crime towards LGBTQIA+ people drives some to misreport for self-preservation.
- 9. Trust there can be a lack of trust among LGBTQIA+ people on how census data is used.

There is no available detail on the S75 profile of previously recognised citizens. Awards under this policy will be subject to assessment and recognition awarded on merit / satisfying the Council's notified criteria. Section 75 category is not a relevant criteria for any of the recognition awards but equality monitoring information will be sought regarding beneficiaries.

Men and women generally

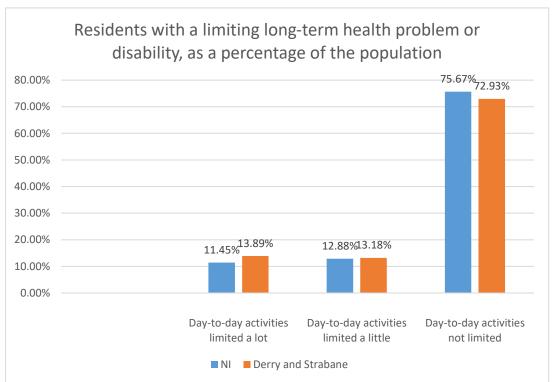


There is no available detail on the S75 profile of previously recognised citizens. Awards under this policy will be subject to assessment and recognition awarded on merit / satisfying the Council's notified criteria. Section 75 category is not a relevant criteria for any of the recognition awards but equality monitoring information will be sought regarding beneficiaries.

Anecdotal evidence would indicate that the majority of citizens recognised have been male.

Disability

According to statistics for Census day 2021 the health profile of the Council area was as follows⁵:



There is no available detail on the S75 profile of previously recognised citizens. Awards under this policy will be subject to assessment and recognition awarded on merit / satisfying the Council's notified criteria. Section 75 category is not a relevant criteria for any of the recognition awards but equality monitoring information will be sought regarding beneficiaries.

Anecdotal evidence would indicate that the majority of citizens recognised have not had a disability.

⁵ https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/census-2021-main-statistics-health-disability-and-unpaid-care-tables

Dependant

According to statistics for Census day 2021 the caring profile for the Council area was as follows:⁶

	All Usual Residents aged 5 and over					
	All usual residents aged 5 and over	Provide no unpaid care	Provide 1-19 hrs unpaid care per week	Provide 20-34 hrs unpaid care per week	Provide 35-49 hrs unpaid care per week	Provide 50+ hrs unpaid care per week
Northern Ireland	1,789,34 8	1,567,13 5 87.58%	100,777 5.63%	24,636 1.38%	28,109 1.57%	68,691 3.84%
Derry City & Strabane	141,465	123,487 87.29%	7,135 5.04%	2,178 1.54%	2,608 1.84%	6,057 4.28%

Results for Census 2021 in Northern Ireland show that 52 children aged 5 years provide 1 or more hours of unpaid care per week.

The proportion of carers in Northern Ireland is similar to the proportion of carers in Derry and Strabane. Carers are counted from age 5+. Results for Census 2021 in Northern Ireland show that 52 children aged 5 years provide 1 or more hours of unpaid care per week.

There is no available detail on the S75 profile of previously recognised citizens. Awards under this policy will be subject to assessment and recognition awarded on merit / satisfying the Council's notified criteria. Section 75 category is not a relevant criteria for any of the recognition awards but equality monitoring information will be sought regarding beneficiaries.

⁶ https://www.nisra.gov.uk/publications/census-2021-main-statistics-health-disability-and-msD01unpaid-care-tables – Table msD17

2.2 Equality Needs, experiences and priorities

Taking into account the information referred to above, what are the different needs, experiences and priorities of each of the following categories, in relation to the particular policy/decision?

Specify details for each of the Section 75 categories

Section 75 category	Details of needs/experiences/priorities
Religious belief	The new policy sets out principles and criteria for an assessment process based on merit. Personal characteristics are not taken into account.
Political opinion	As above
Racial group	As above. It is noted that since the formation of the new Council, recognition awards in relation to Freedom of the City and District and Asset Naming have been to white people.
Age	The new policy sets out principles and criteria for an assessment process based on merit. Personal characteristics are not taken into account.
Marital status	The new policy sets out principles and criteria for an assessment process based on merit. Personal characteristics are not taken into account.
Sexual orientation	The new policy sets out principles and criteria for an assessment process based on merit. Personal characteristics are not taken into account.
Men and women generally	As above. It is noted that since the formation of the new Council, most recognition awards in relation to Freedom of the City and District and Asset Naming have been to men.
Disability	The new policy sets out principles and criteria for an assessment process based on merit. Personal characteristics are not taken into account.
Dependants	The new policy sets out principles and criteria for an assessment process based on merit. Personal characteristics are not taken into account.

2.3 Screening questions

What is the likely impact on equality of opportunity for those affected by this policy, for each of the Section 75 equality categories? Minor/major/none?

Section 75 category	Details of policy impact	Level of impact? minor/major/ none
Religious belief	The new policy sets out principles and criteria for an assessment process based on merit. Personal characteristics are not taken into account. It is not envisaged that there will be an impact on the basis of this Section 75 category.	none
Political opinion	As above	none
Racial group	As above	none
Age	As above	none
Marital status	As above	none
Sexual orientation	As above	none
Men & women generally	As above	none
Disability	As above	none
Dependants	As above	none

2.4 Equality of Opportunity

Are there opportunities to better promote equality of opportunity for people within the Section 75 equalities categories?				
Section 75	If Yes , provide details	If No , provide reasons		
category				
Religious		No – assessment is on merit		
belief		criteria		
Political		As above		
opinion				

Racial group	As above
Age	As above
Marital status	As above
Sexual orientation	As above
Men & women generally	As above
Disability	As above
Dependants	As above

2.5 Good Relations

Are there opportunities to better promote good relations between Section 75 equality categories through tackling prejudice and/or promoting understanding?				
	□ Yes		No	
If Yes, the policy will be considered by a Designated Working Group				
Section 75 category				
Religious belief	n/a			

Political	n/a
opinion	
Racial group	Potentially, if as a result of the merit based process, a non-white citizen is
	recognised.
	<u></u>
2.6 Disability D	uties
4 Is there evi	dence to suggest that this policy would promote positive attitudes
	le with a disability?
	Voc ⊠ No □
16.74	Yes ⊠ No □
If Yes, provide relevant stake	e details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with
relevant stake	e details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with
relevant stake	e details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with holders
Potentially, if as	e details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with holders
relevant stake Potentially, if as 5. Is there evi	e details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with holders s a result of the merit based process, a person with a disability is recognised.
relevant stake Potentially, if as 5. Is there evi	e details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with holders s a result of the merit based process, a person with a disability is recognised. dence to suggest that this policy would encourage the participation of
relevant stake Potentially, if as 5. Is there evi	e details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with holders s a result of the merit based process, a person with a disability is recognised. dence to suggest that this policy would encourage the participation of disability in public life?
relevant stake Potentially, if as 5. Is there evi people with a	e details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with holders s a result of the merit based process, a person with a disability is recognised. dence to suggest that this policy would encourage the participation of disability in public life? Yes No No
relevant stake Potentially, if as 5. Is there evi people with a	e details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with holders s a result of the merit based process, a person with a disability is recognised. dence to suggest that this policy would encourage the participation of disability in public life? Yes No details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with
relevant stake Potentially, if as 5. Is there evi people with a If Yes, provide	e details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with holders s a result of the merit based process, a person with a disability is recognised. dence to suggest that this policy would encourage the participation of disability in public life? Yes No details of opportunities identified (including details of consultation with

Additional considerations

Generally speaking, people can fall into more than one Section 75 category. Taking this into consideration, are there any potential impacts of the policy/decision on people with multiple identities?

(For example; disabled minority ethnic people; disabled women; young Protestant men; and young lesbians, gay and bisexual people).

Provide details of data on the impact of the policy on people with multiple identities. Specify relevant Section 75 categories concerned.

No impacts identified as objective criteria and principles identified.		

2.7 Screening Decision

If the decision is <u>not</u> to conduct an equality impact assessment, please provide details of the reasons.

	<u>-</u>
Screened out for equality impact assessment.	
f the decision is <u>not</u> to conduct an equality impact assessment the public authority consider if the policy should be mitigated or an alternative policy be introduced. Pleasterails	
The new policy sets out principles and criteria for an assessment process based on new personal characteristics are not taken into account.	nerit.
The Recognition Panel, Committee Members and the ultimately all the Members of Council input into the decision -making process. These Members represent a range Section 75 characteristics.	
the decision is to subject the policy to an equality impact assessment , please proletails of the reasons.	ovide

2.8	M	itig	jati	on

When the public authority concludes that the likely impact is 'minor' and an equality impact assessment is not to be conducted, the public authority may consider mitigation to lessen the severity of any equality impact, or the introduction of an alternative policy to better promote equality of opportunity or good relations.

Can the policy/decision be amended or changed or an alternative policy introduced to better promote equality of opportunity and/or good relations?

If so, give the reasons to support your decision, together with the proposed changes/amendments or alternative policy.			

2.9 Monitoring Arrangements

Provide details of the monitoring arrangements that will be in place to ensure that there are no adverse impacts as a result of the implementation of this policy.

Living recipients of awards will be asked to complete an equaity monitoring form.			

Part Three: Rural Needs Impact Assessment

3.1 Which definition of 'rural' is the Public Authority using in respect of the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service?		
Population Settlements of less than 5,000 (Default definition) Other Definition (Provide details and the rationale below) A definition of 'rural' is not applicable		
Details of alternative definition of 'rural' used		
Rationale for using alternative definition of 'rural'		
2.2 Understanding the impact of the Policy Stratogy, Dlan or Public Somice		
3.2 Understanding the impact of the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service 3.2a Is the policy, strategy, plan or public service intended to impact upon people in rural areas?		
Yes ⊠ No □		
If the response is No go to Section 3.2e		
3.2b. Please explain how the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service is intended to impact on people in rural areas		
The awards are based on merit via the principles and criteria set out in the policy – no consideration is given to whether a recipient lives in a rural or urban area, and living in a rural area should not present as barrier to recognition .		

3.2c. If the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service i	s intended to impact on people in
rural areas differently from people in urban are impact people in rural areas differently	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
n/a	
3.2d. Please indicate which of the following rural po	licy areas the Policy. Strategy. Plan
or Public Service is intended to impact on	
Rural Businesses	
Rural Tourism	
Rural Housing	
Jobs or Employment in Rural Areas	
Education or Training in Rural Areas	
Broadband or Mobile Communications in Rural Areas	
Transport Services or Infrastructure in Rural Areas	
Health or Social Care Services in Rural Areas	
Poverty in Rural Areas	
Deprivation in Rural Areas	
Rural Crime or Community Safety	
Rural Development	
Other (please state)	Citizen recognition
(If the response to Section 3.2a was yes go to 3.3a)	

Policy Reference: GSP Committee/July/2024

3.2e Please explain why the Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service is not intended to impact on people in rural areas			
3.3 Identifying the Social and Economic Ne	eds of Persons in Rural Areas		
	to identify the social and economic needs of he Policy, Strategy, Plan or Public Service?		
Yes □ No ⊠			
If the response is No Go to Section 3.3e			
3.3b. Please indicate which of the following methods or information sources we used by the Public Authority to identify the social and economic needs of people in rural areas			
Consultation with Rural Stakeholders			
Consultation with Other Organisations			
Published Statistics			
Research Papers Surveys or Questionnaires			

Other Publications		
Other Methods or Information Sources (include details)		
3.3c Please provide details of the methods and information sources used to identify the social and economic needs of people in rural areas including relevant dates, names of organisations, titles of publications, website references, details of surveys or consultations undertaken etc.		
3.3d. Please provide details of the social an	d economic needs of people in rural areas	
3.3d. Please provide details of the social and economic needs of people in rural areas which have been identified by the Public Authority?		
(If the response to Section 3.3a was Yes go	to Section 3. 4a)	
3.3e. Please explain why no steps were taken by the Public Authority to identify the social and economic needs of people in rural areas??		
This policy is based on merit and is not related to whether or not the perspective nominee for an award lives in a rural or urban area.		
2.4. Considering the Conint and Formation	loods of Doysons in Doysol Among	
3.4 – Considering the Social and Economic N		
3.4a. Please provide details of the issues co economic needs of people in rural areas ide		

Policy Reference: GSP Committee/July/2024

3.5 – Influencing	the Po	olicy, Strate	egy, Plan or Public Service	
3.5a. Has the development, adoption, implementation or revision of the Policy, Strategy or Plan, or the design or delivery of the Public Service, been influenced by the rural needs identified?				
	Yes		No ⊠	
			If the response is No go to Section 3.5c	
3.5b. Please explain how the development, adoption, implementation or revision of the Policy, Strategy or Plan, or the design or delivery of the Public Service, has been influenced by the rural needs identified				
3.5c. Please explain why the development, adoption, implementation or revision of the Policy, Strategy or Plan, or the design or the delivery of the Public Service, has not been influenced by the rural needs identified				
		ate to rural		

Part Four: Climate Change Screening

4.1 What impact will the policy/proposal/plan greenhouse gas emissions?	have on the reduction of
Beneficial impact (Reduce emissions) A mixed impact (Good & Bad) Negative impact (Harmful / increase emissions) No impacts / Not applicable Don't know	
4.2 Does the policy/proposal/plan consider in emissions, e.g. sustainable transport, zero was renewable and efficient energy, and green info	te circular economy principles,
Yes (please explain)	
No Not applicable	
4.3 Will the policy/proposal/plan be impacted flooding, sea level rise, heat stress, poor air qualiss?	
Impacted A mixed impact (Good & Bad) Not Impacted Not applicable	

Policy Reference: GSP Committee/July/2024

Don't know		
4.4 What impact will the policy/proposal/ padverse effects of climate change, e.g. flood quality, and habitat and biodiversity loss?		r
Beneficial impact (Improve resilience)		
A mixed impact (Good & Bad)		
Negative impact (Harmful / reduce resilience)		
No impacts / Not applicable	\boxtimes	
Don't know		
4.5 Does the policy/proposal/ plan consider effects of climate change, e.g. avoid construand resilience planning measures, green inf	ruction in flood risk areas, emergency	
Yes (please explain)		
No Not applicable		

4.6 Does the policy/proposal /plan require further detailed assessment e.g. whole life carbon assessment, climate change risk analysis?

Policy Reference: GSP Committee/July/2024

Yes (please explain)	
No	
Not applicable	

Part Five: Privacy impact assessment screening questions

These questions are intended to help decide whether a PIA is necessary. Answering 'yes' to any of these questions is an indication that a PIA would be a useful exercise.

•	Will the project involve the collection of new information about individuals? Potentially clarification of full name for use on certificate /asset/ infrastructural element/ festival or other initiative.	
•	Will the project compel individuals to provide information about themselves?	
•	Will information about individuals be disclosed to organisations or people who have not previously had routine access to the information?	
•	Are you using information about individuals for a purpose it is not currently used for, or in a way it is not currently used?	\boxtimes
•	Does the project involve you using new technology which might be perceived as being privacy intrusive? For example, the use of biometrics or facial recognition.	
•	Will the project result in you making decisions or taking action against individuals in ways which can have a significant impact on them?	
•	Is the information about individuals of a kind particularly likely to raise privacy concerns or expectations? For example, health records, criminal records or other information that people would consider to be particularly private	
•	Will the project require you to contact individuals in ways which they may find intrusive?	

This policy may potentially make public details an award/recognition bestowed on an individual. This will be subject to the agreement of the person concerned or their next of kin if the person is deceased. Such publication is seen to be a positive recognition.

Part Six - Approval and authorisation

Conclusions

(Details to be reflected in the relevant committee report.)

- The policy has been screened out for equality impact assessment.
- The development, adoption, implementation or revision of the policy or the design or delivery of the Public Service, has not been influenced by the rural needs identified in the impact assessment.
- The policy does not require further detailed assessment in terms of climate change and adaption
- The policy does not require further assessment in terms of data protection / privacy

Screening / impact assessment completed by:	Position/Job Title	Date
E Cavanagh	Lead Democratic Services and Improvement Officer	24 June 2024
Approved by: as above		

Note: A copy of this questionnaire, for each policy screened should be 'signed off' and approved by a senior manager responsible for the policy, made easily accessible on the public authority's website as soon as possible following completion and made available on request.