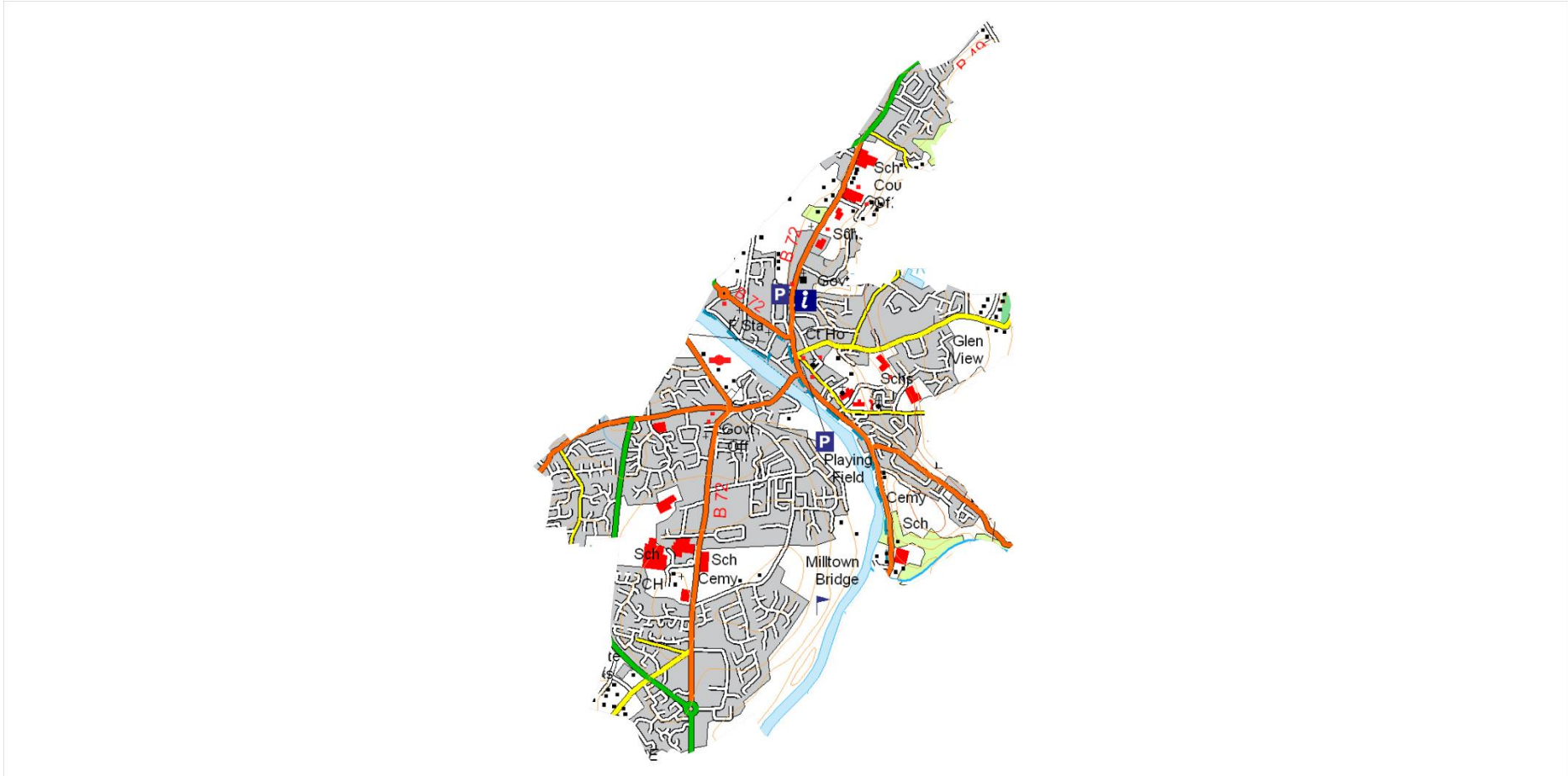


Summary of Statistics Detailing Strabane Local Area



Map produced under NIMA (MoU – OFMDFM agreement ES & LA 200.1 and for purposes of DCSDC Community Planning only.

Contents

Introduction: Table i – Comparison of population estimates	7
Table 1: Age profile - Strabane.....	8
Table 2: Living arrangements (16+) - Strabane	9
Table 3: Household composition - Strabane	10
Table 4: Households with dependent children - Strabane.....	11
Table 5: Lone parent households by employment status	12
Table 6: Accommodation type - Strabane	13
Table 7: Type of central heating - Strabane.....	14
Table 8: Tenure - Strabane	14
Table 9: General health - Strabane.....	16
Table 10: Long-term health problem or disability- Strabane	17
Table 11: Type of long-term condition - Strabane.....	18
Table 12: Highest level of qualification (16+) - Strabane.....	20
Table 13: Highest level of qualification (16-24) - Strabane.....	21
Table 14: Economic status (16-74) - Strabane	23
Table 15: Occupation - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.....	24
Table 16: Industry of employment - Strabane, DCSDC and NI	25

Figure 1: Age profile - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.....	8
Figure 2: Household composition - Strabane, DCSDC and NI	10
Figure 3: Percentage of households with dependent children - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.....	11
Figure 4: Percentage of lone parent households by employment status - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.....	12
Figure 5: Percentage of households by tenure status - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.....	15
Figure 6: General health - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.....	16
Figure 7: Prevalence of long-term conditions - Strabane.....	19
Figure 8: Highest level of qualification (16+) - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.....	20
Figure 9: Highest level of qualification (16-24) - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.....	22
Figure 10: Economic Activity (16-74) - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.....	24

APPENDIX 1: Output Areas within Strabane local area that fall within the 20% most deprived OA's in Northern Ireland.....	27
--	----

Introduction

The Reform of Public Administration (RPA) and the birth of the new Council area, Derry City and Strabane District Council (DCSDC), led to the District Electoral Areas Commissioner for Northern Ireland grouping the new local government wards, within new council areas, for the purposes of elections to local councils. As a result DCSDC has the following seven District Electoral Areas (DEAs):

- Ballyarnett
- Derg
- Faughan
- Foyle
- Sperrin
- The Moor
- Waterside

With the existence of these seven DEAs, it has been agreed to proceed with seven new Local Community Plans on this geographic basis with the addition of an eighth Local Plan that covers the needs of residents in the geographic area of Strabane town.

The Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA) are currently in the process of compiling official key statistics that profile these DEAs. This process is not yet complete and official guidance on how these can be completed will be available once the statistics are verified.

Approximated Local Area Statistics

In the interim, we have provided statistics that approximate the eight local areas that will be required to produce Local Community plans within the context of DCSDC overall Community Plan.

This has been achieved through a process of aggregating data from 'Small Area' (SA) statistical geographies up into the DEAs within which the SA is nested. The correlation between SA and 'parent' DEA has been estimated using the Central Postcode Directory and a cross tabulation of postcodes within SA and DEA.

There are 328 SA geographies within DCSDC, which is itself divided up into seven DEAs. Across NI the average size of the SA is 400 people and 155 households although they range in size from 59 households and 98 people to 988 households and 3,072 people.

The physical size of SA varies greatly and is dependent on their location. Where possible they have regular shapes and follow existing features (i.e. roads, rivers, fence lines etc.).

In the vast majority of cases, a SA will nest wholly within a DEA but there will be cases in which a SA will straddle two neighbouring DEA. In such cases, the population in question has been proportioned using the weighting of postcodes, within the SA, between the two DEA in question.

Strabane Local Area Statistics

In terms of this report, separate data are produced for Strabane. Strabane is not a new DEA but rather it straddles both the Sperrin DEA and the Derg DEA. To produce a consistent series of data, Strabane Local Area statistics have been compiled by netting out statistical 'Settlement' data from the Derg and Sperrin DEA.

Those SA data that fall within the Derg DEA and Sperrin DEA areas, encapsulated by the Strabane settlement limits, have been captured to represent the population needs in the Strabane Local Area.

Data Sources

The vast majority of data in this report are compiled from the 2011 Census of Population. The nature and coverage of the Census allows for detailed data to be derived for populations in small local areas. Social surveys simply cannot provide this level of detail and, therefore, the Census and a few administrative databases are the only resources available to report on small geographic areas on a consistent basis cross a wider geography.

2011 Census definitions used in this report can be found via the link below:

[2011 Census Definitions](#)

Accuracy

This report is an approximation of the population in the DEA / Local Area in question. Differences will exist between these data and those that NISRA will produce, primarily due to the allocation of SA data that straddle two adjoining DEA. For this report, this allocation has been proportion based upon the relative weights of the frequencies of Postcodes within the two DEA.

Any future NISRA data will be more precise and will be based on headcount and actual number of residents within a certain area, most likely through specific geo-referencing techniques.

NISRA have produced some headline population estimates for DEAs from the 2011 Census of Population. These are presented below along with those data approximated using the methodology outlined above.

Introduction: Table i – Comparison of population estimates

	Local Area							
	Ballyarnett	Faughan	Foyleside	The Moor	Waterside	Derg	Sperrin	Strabane
Approximation of Local Area population	23,232	20,302	18,905	17,139	26,065	15,907	13,128	13,043
DEA population totals (NISRA)	23,423	18,757	18,659	17,184	27,560	17,934	24,176	-
Settlement population totals (NISRA)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,172

Demographic Profile

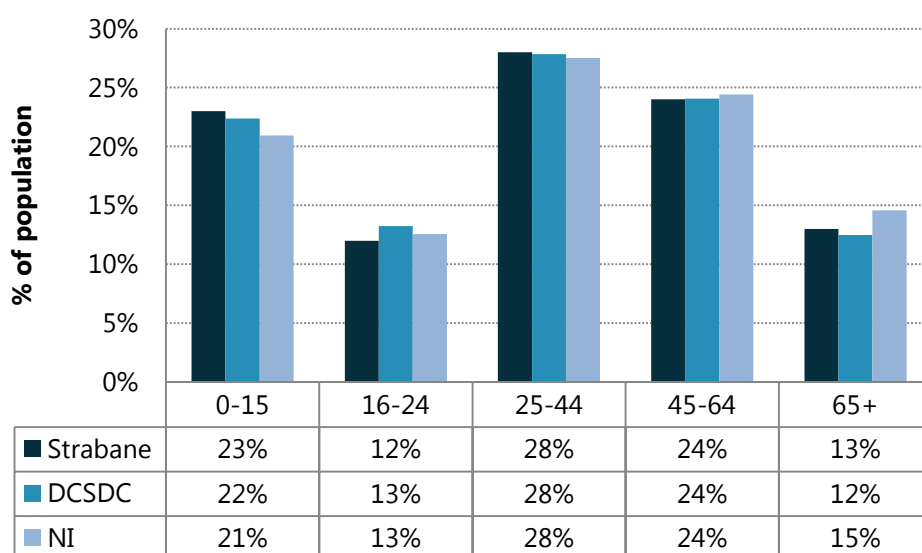
Latest mid-year population estimates (2014) indicate that 9% (13,140) of the DCSDC population reside in the Strabane local area. Population estimates broken down below by age are taken from the 2011 Census of Population.

Table 1: Age profile - Strabane

Age Profile	Strabane	
	Number	%
0-15	2,990	23%
16-24	1,600	12%
25-44	3,650	28%
45-64	3,080	24%
65+	1,720	13%
Total population	13,040	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Figure 1: Age profile - Strabane, DCSDC and NI



Those aged under 16 make up approximately 23% of the Strabane population, compared with rates of 22% and 21% for DCSDC and NI respectively. At the older

end of the age spectrum, 13% of the Strabane population are aged 65+, compared with 12% for DCSDC and 15% for NI.

Living Arrangements

Table 2: Living arrangements (16+) - Strabane

Living Arrangements		Strabane	
		Number	%
Living as a couple:	Married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership	4,170	42%
	Cohabiting:	440	4%
Not living as a couple:	Single (never married or never registered in a same-sex civil partnership)	3,540	36%
	Married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership	130	1%
	Separated (but still legally married or still legally in a same-sex civil partnership)	480	5%
	Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved	510	5%
	Widowed or surviving partner from a same-sex civil partnership	630	6%
All aged 16+		9,910	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Almost half (46%) of those aged 16+ living in a household, do so as a couple whilst 36% of residents are single.

Household Composition

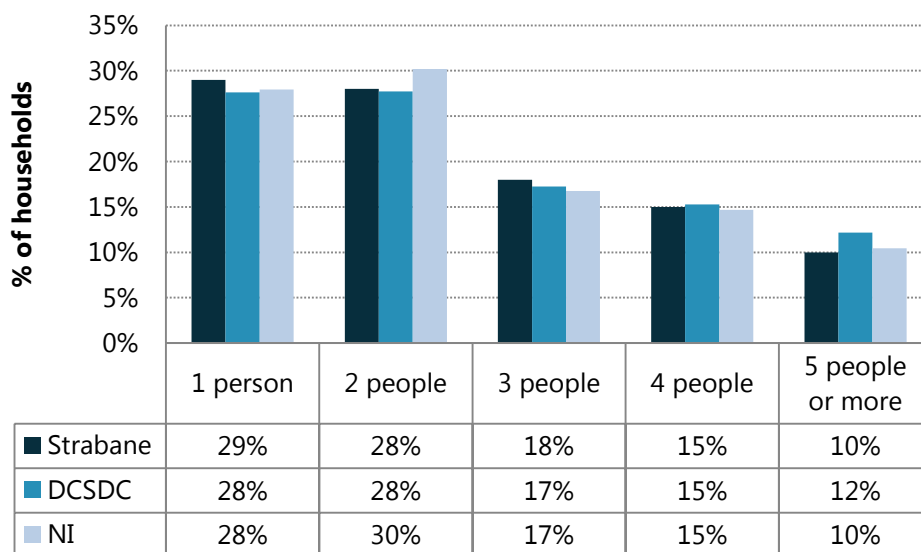
There are slightly over 5,000 households in the Strabane local area.

Table 3: Household composition - Strabane

Household composition	Strabane	
	Number	%
1 person	1,450	29%
2 people	1,420	28%
3 people	930	18%
4 people	750	15%
5 people or more	530	10%
Total households	5,070	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Figure 2: Household composition - Strabane, DCSDC and NI



The largest category of households within the Strabane local area is that of '1 person' households. It is estimated that there were 1,450 such households in 2011 making up 29% of all households in Strabane. It is estimated that 10% or 530 of Strabane households contain 5 people or more.

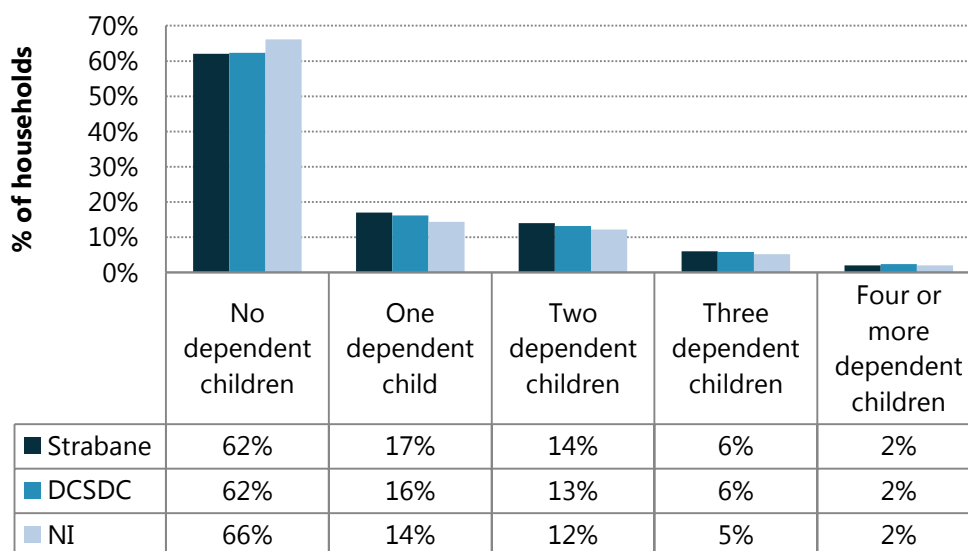
Dependent Children

Table 4: Households with dependent children - Strabane

Household status	Strabane	
	Number	%
No dependent children	3,140	62%
One dependent child	860	17%
Two dependent children	690	14%
Three dependent children	280	6%
Four or more dependent children	100	2%
All households	5,070	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Figure 3: Percentage of households with dependent children - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.



Nearly two thirds of households (62%) within Strabane have no dependent children living in them.

Lone Parent Households

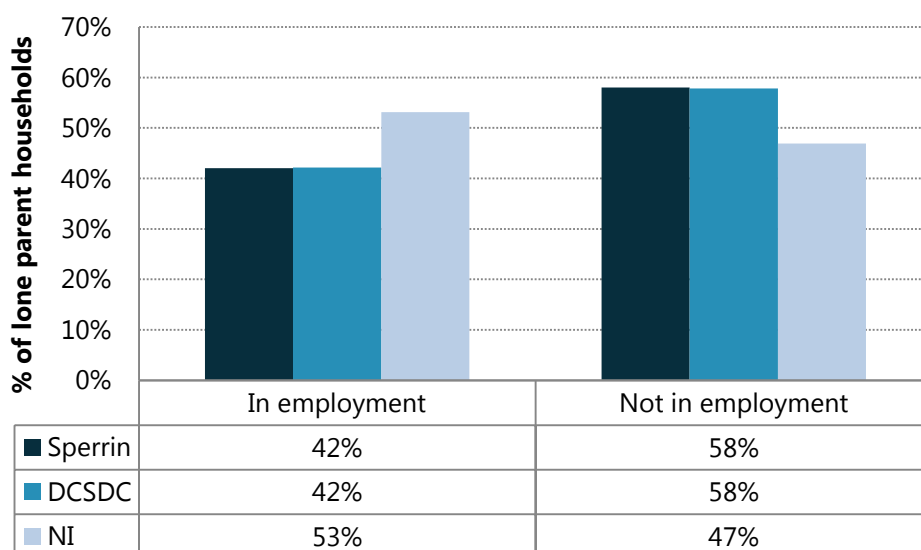
Table 5: Lone parent households by employment status

Lone parent employment status	Strabane	
	Number	%
In employment	310	42%
Not in employment	430	58%
All lone parent households	730	100%
% lone parent households in DEA	-	14%

Source: Census of Population 2011

There are 730 households (14% of all households) in the Strabane area that are estimated to be lone parent households, where the parent is aged between 16 and 74. Of these households, 42% of lone parents were recorded as being in employment.

Figure 4: Percentage of lone parent households by employment status - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.



Housing and Accommodation

Accommodation type

Analysis of all the household spaces, i.e. those usually with residents in them and those without usual residents is presented below in terms of accommodation type. 30% of all households are detached, whilst 32% are semi-detached.

Table 6: Accommodation type - Strabane

Accommodation type	Strabane	
	Number	%
Detached	1,500	30%
Semi-detached	1,630	32%
Terraced	1,690	32%
Flats	290	6%
Converted or shared house	20	0%
Commercial building	0	0%
Mobile / temporary	0	0%
All household spaces	5,150	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Central Heating Type

Given the lack of gas infrastructure in the region in 2011, oil central heating was the most common form of household heating with 78% of households relying on oil for their heating. It is estimated that 16% of households had access to more than one type of heating system.

Table 7: Type of central heating - Strabane

Central Heating Type	Strabane	
	Number	%
No central heating	10	0%
Gas central heating	30	1%
Electric (including storage heaters) central heating	110	2%
Oil central heating	3,980	78%
Solid fuel (for example wood, coal) central heating	80	2%
Other central heating	30	1%
Two or more types of central heating	830	16%
Total Households	5,070	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Household Tenure

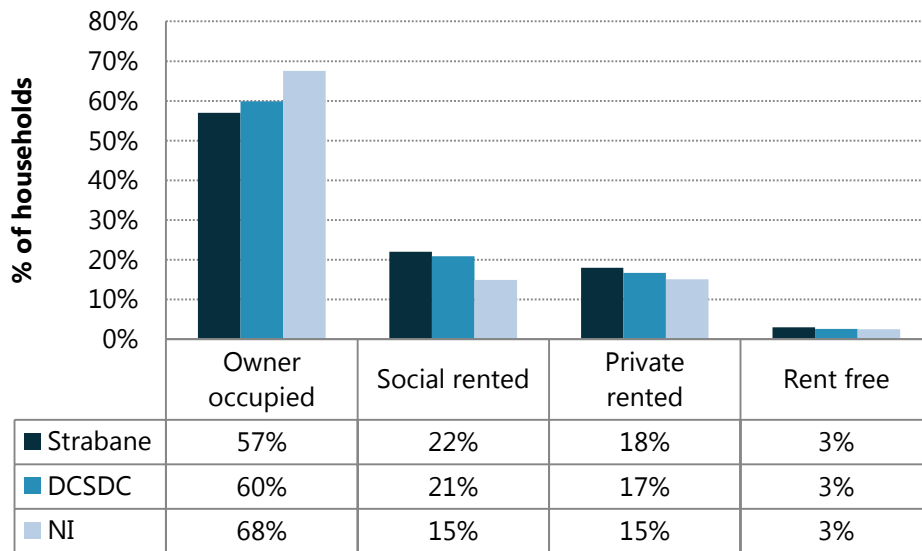
Over half (57%) of households in the Strabane local area are owned outright or with the help of a mortgage or loan.

Table 8: Tenure - Strabane

Tenure	Strabane	
	Number	%
Owner occupied	4,370	57%
Social rented	2,480	22%
Private rented	1,020	18%
Rent free	170	3%
Total Households	5,070	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Figure 5: Percentage of households by tenure status - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.



Health

General health

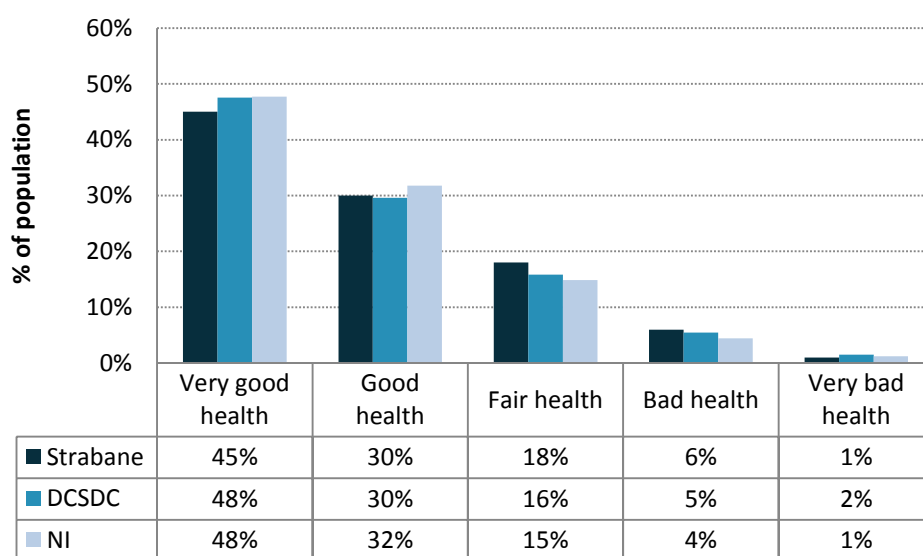
The general consensus on residents' own general health is a positive one in the Strabane local area. Almost half of residents (45%) described their general health as 'very good' with 75% describing their health as either 'very good' or 'good'.

Table 9: General health - Strabane

General health	Strabane	
	Number	%
Very good health	5,920	45%
Good health	3,850	30%
Fair health	2,280	18%
Bad health	800	6%
Very bad health	190	1%
All usual residents	13,040	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Figure 6: General health - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.



Long-Term Health Problem or Disability

In keeping with the prevalence of good general health, 76% of residents in Strabane reported that their day-to-day activities were not limited due to a long-term health problem or disability. This left over a fifth of residents (25%) reporting some degree of limitation with 16% indicating that their day-to-day activities were limited a lot.

Table 10: Long-term health problem or disability- Strabane

Limitation	Strabane	
	Number	%
Day-to-day activities limited a lot	2,030	16%
Day-to-day activities limited a little	1,170	9%
Day-to-day activities not limited	9,850	76%
All usual residents	13,040	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Type of long-term condition

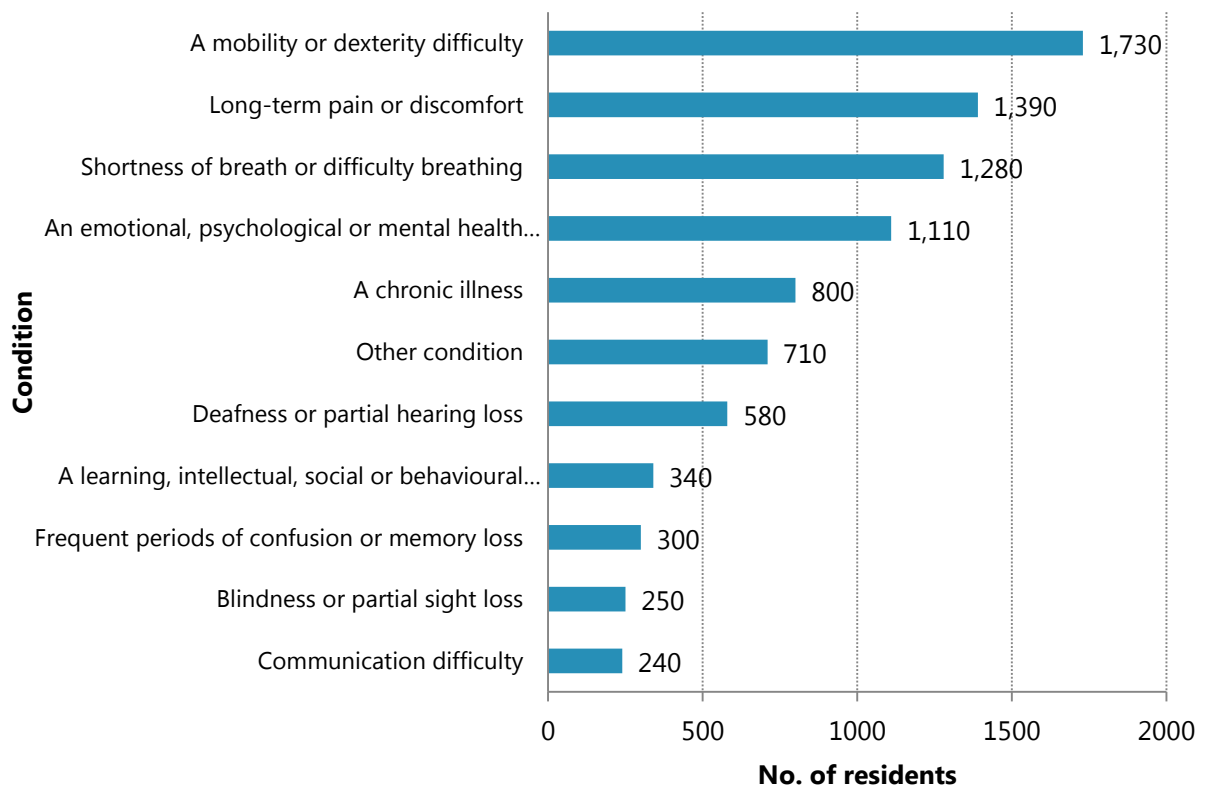
The most common type of long-term condition was one relating to difficulties associated with mobility or dexterity (13%). It is estimated that 11% of residents in the Strabane local area reported that that they suffered from long-term pain or discomfort.

Table 11: Type of long-term condition - Strabane

Condition	Strabane	
	Number	%
Deafness or partial hearing loss	580	4%
Blindness or partial sight loss	250	2%
Communication difficulty	240	2%
A mobility or dexterity difficulty	1,730	13%
A learning, intellectual, social or behavioural difficulty	340	3%
An emotional, psychological or mental health condition	1,110	8%
Long-term pain or discomfort	1,390	11%
Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing	1,280	10%
Frequent periods of confusion or memory loss	300	2%
A chronic illness	800	6%
Other condition	710	5%
No condition	8,570	66%
All usual residents	13,040	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Figure 7: Prevalence of long-term conditions - Strabane



Education

Highest level of qualification (16+)

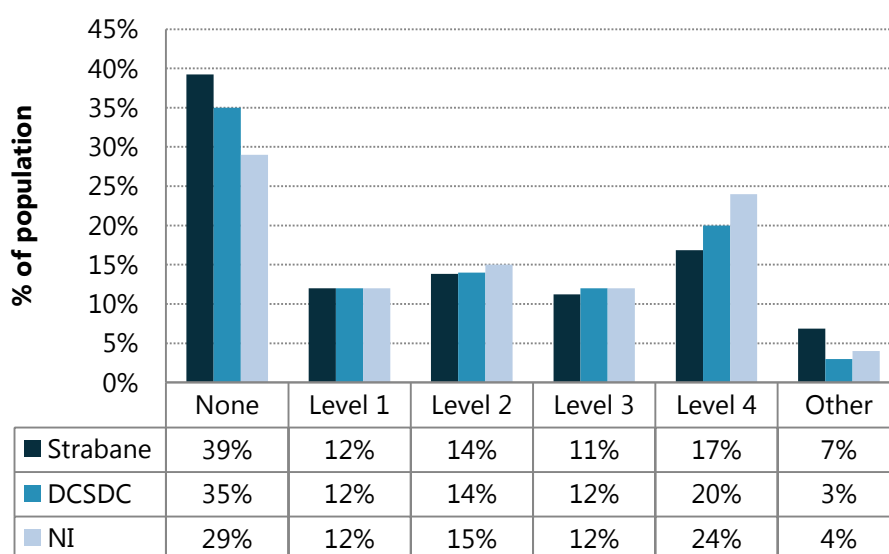
Overall, it is estimated that 39% of residents in the Strabane local area do not have any qualifications whilst 17% of residents have achieved a 'level 4' qualification.

Table 12: Highest level of qualification (16+) - Strabane

Level of qualification	Strabane	
	Number	%
None	3,940	39%
Level 1	1,200	12%
Level 2	1,390	14%
Level 3	1,130	11%
Level 4	1,690	17%
Other	690	7%
All usual residents (16+)	10,050	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Figure 8: Highest level of qualification (16+) - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.



Highest level of qualification (16-24)

Attainment of formal qualifications can be found to be related to age, with a general trend in which attainment tapers off with an older profile of residents. Analysis of younger people within Strabane portrays a different picture in the attainment of formal qualifications.

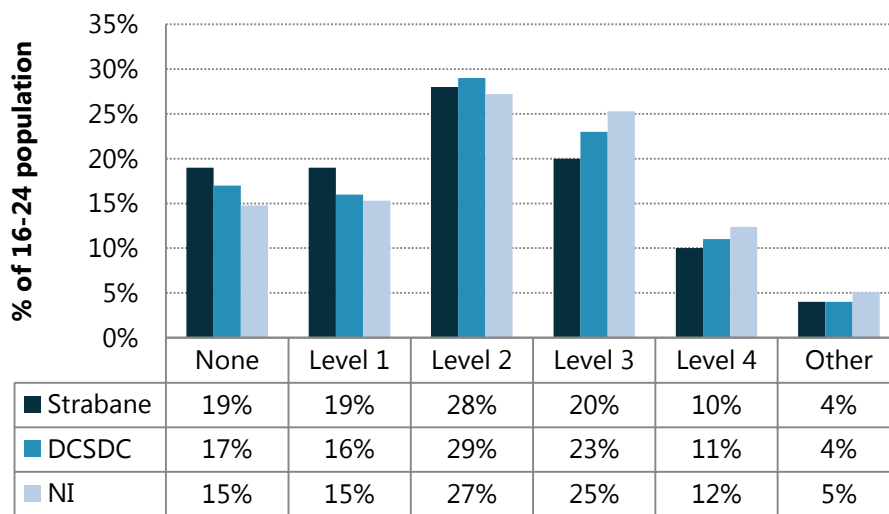
Overall, it is estimated that 19% of residents, aged 16-24, in the Strabane local area do not have any qualifications whilst 10% of younger residents have achieved a 'level 4' qualification.

Table 13: Highest level of qualification (16-24) - Strabane

Level of qualification	Strabane	
	Number	%
None	300	19%
Level 1	300	19%
Level 2	450	28%
Level 3	330	20%
Level 4	160	10%
Other	60	4%
All usual residents (16-24)	1,600	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Figure 9: Highest level of qualification (16-24) - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.



Economic Activity

The data below are based on those from the 2011 Census of Population. In many instances, whilst the 'story' of the local area, in terms of economic activity, occupation and industry still has relevance in 2016, please be aware that, in general, the unemployment profile of DCSDC has improved since reaching a recent peak in the summer of 2013.

According to the 2011 Census, 58% of the residents in Strabane local area were economically active i.e. they were actively engaged in the labour market either by working or were seeking and ready to work.

Table 14: Economic status (16-74) - Strabane

Economic status		Strabane	
		Number	%
Economically active	Employee: Part-time	1,210	13%
	Employee: Full-time	2,600	28%
	Self-employed	520	6%
	Unemployed	790	8%
	Full-time student	310	3%
Economically inactive	Retired	1,210	13%
	Student	590	6%
	Looking after home / family	560	6%
	Long-term sick or disabled	1,100	12%
	Other	420	5%
All aged 16-74		9,310	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Figure 10: Economic Activity (16-74) - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.

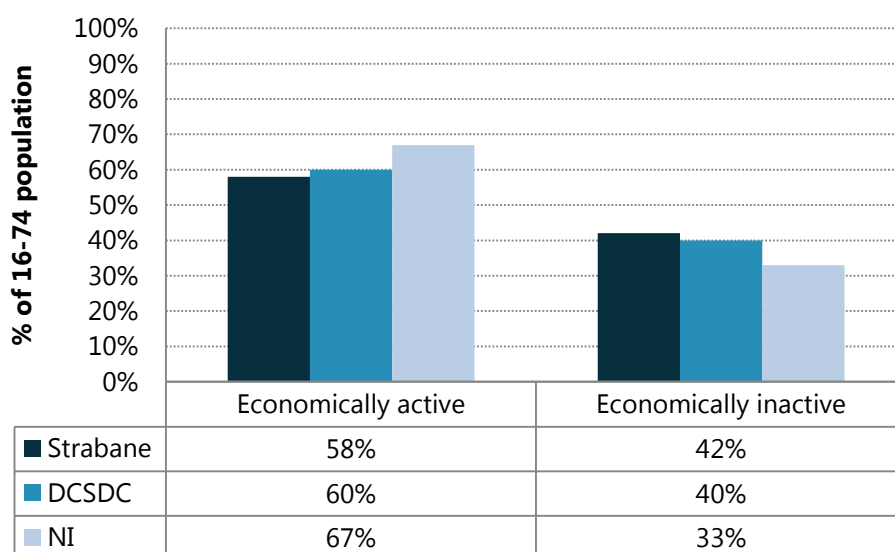


Table 15: Occupation - Strabane, DCSDC and NI.

Occupation	Strabane		DCSDC	NI
	Number	%	%	%
Managers, directors and senior officials	310	7%	7%	8%
Professional	670	15%	17%	17%
Associate professional and technical	380	8%	8%	9%
Administrative and secretarial	600	13%	12%	14%
Skilled trades	540	12%	13%	14%
Caring, leisure and other service	460	10%	10%	9%
Sales and customer service	650	14%	13%	10%
Process, plant and machine operatives	420	9%	9%	8%
Elementary	520	11%	11%	11%
All usual residents (16-74)	4,550	100%	100%	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Of those who are in employment in the Strabane local area, the profile of occupations is one which is similar to the council area as a whole. Thirty per cent

(30%) of those in employment are so in a managerial / professional and/or technical role compared with 32% in DCSDC and 34% in NI. 12% have a skilled trade as a occupation compared with 13% in DCSDC and 14% in NI.

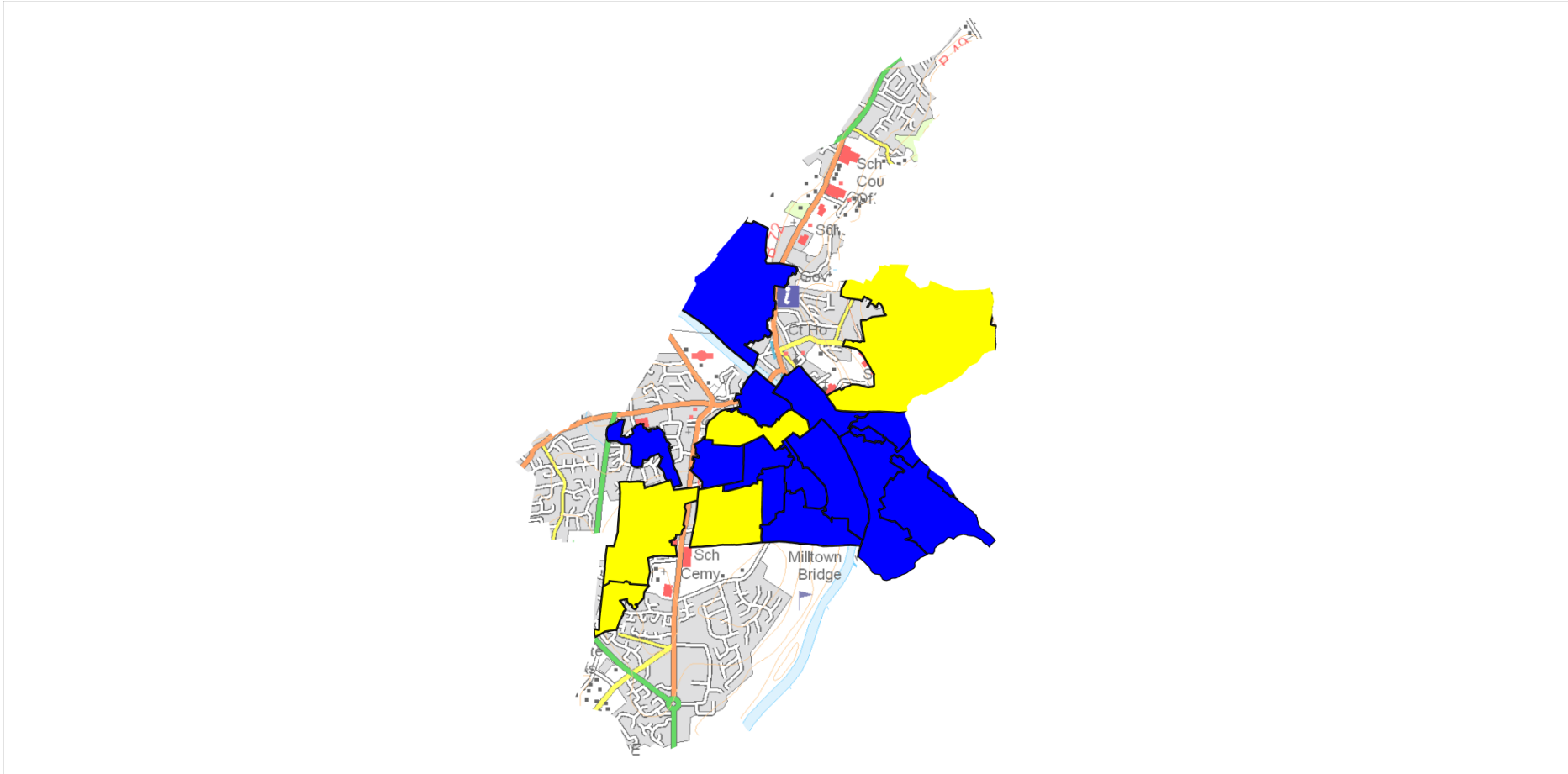
Table 16: Industry of employment - Strabane, DCSDC and NI

Occupation	Strabane		DCSDC	NI
	Number	%	%	%
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	50	1%	2%	2%
Mining and quarrying	10	0%	0%	0%
Manufacturing	380	8%	9%	10%
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	20	0%	0%	0%
Water supply; sewerage, waste management	20	0%	1%	1%
Construction	400	9%	8%	8%
Wholesale and retail trade	960	21%	18%	18%
Transport and storage	130	3%	4%	4%
Accommodation and food activities	290	6%	6%	5%
Information and communication	120	3%	3%	3%
Financial and insurance activities	170	4%	3%	3%
Real estate activities	40	1%	1%	1%
Professional, scientific and technical	130	3%	3%	5%
Administrative and support service	140	3%	5%	4%
Public administration	370	8%	6%	8%
Education	490	11%	11%	9%
Human health and social work	570	12%	15%	14%
Other	250	5%	5%	5%
All usual residents (16-74)	4,550	100%	100%	100%

Source: Census of Population 2011

Over four fifths (44%) of those who live in the Strabane local area relied on three industries for employment. Wholesale and retail trade accounts for 21% of employment; Human health and Social work accounts for 12% and Education accounts for 11%. These industries are the three largest in DCSDC as a whole, in terms of employment (44%) and they accounted for 41% of employment in NI.

Appendix 1: Output Areas within Strabane local area that fall within the 20% most deprived OA's in Northern Ireland



Map produced under NIMA (MoU – OFMDFM agreement ES & LA 200.1 and for purposes of DCSDC Community Planning only